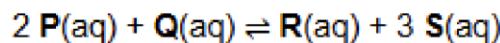


This question is about an equilibrium.



A 25.0 cm^3 sample of a solution of **P** is added to a 20.0 cm^3 sample of a solution of **Q**. The mixture is allowed to reach equilibrium.

The amounts in the equilibrium mixture are

$$\mathbf{P} = 0.0145 \text{ mol} \quad \mathbf{Q} = 0.0275 \text{ mol} \quad \mathbf{R} = 0.0115 \text{ mol} \quad \mathbf{S} = 0.0345 \text{ mol}$$

(a) Calculate the amount, in moles, of **P** before the reaction with **Q**.

Use your answer to calculate the concentration, in mol dm^{-3} , of **P** in the initial 25.0 cm^3 sample.

Amount of **P** _____ mol

Concentration _____ mol dm^{-3}

(2)

(b) Give the expression for the equilibrium constant, K_c

Calculate the value of K_c and deduce its units.

K_c

Value of K_c _____ Units _____

(4)

(c) Explain why the amount of **S** increases when water is added to the equilibrium mixture.

(2)

(a) **M1** mol P = $0.0145 + (2 \times 0.0115) = 0.0375$

$$\text{M2 } [\text{P}] = \frac{\text{M1}}{0.025} = 1.50 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$$

ECF from incorrect M1

2

(b)

$$\text{M1 } K_c = \frac{[\text{R}][\text{S}]^3}{[\text{P}]^2 [\text{Q}]}$$

M1 Must be square brackets in expression

$$\text{M2 } K_c = \frac{\left(\frac{0.0115}{0.045}\right)\left(\frac{0.0345}{0.045}\right)^3}{\left(\frac{0.0145}{0.045}\right)^2 \left(\frac{0.0275}{0.045}\right)} \text{ or } = \frac{(0.256)(0.767)^3}{(0.322)^2(0.611)}$$

*M2 Inserts values and divides by volume in dm³***M3** = 1.81 to 1.82*M3 Evaluates expression**If no use of volume lose M2 but can score M3 for 0.0817***M4** units mol dm⁻³*M4 Allow consequential to their expression*

4

(c) **M1** equilibrium shifts to side with most moles**M2** to oppose decrease in concentration of all reactants and products / dilution of everything*Allow**M2 oppose the decrease in concentration of S*

OR

M1 K_c is expressed as a function of concentrations and concentration equals amount over volume. $K_c = RS^3/P^2Q \times 1/V$ (where R, S etc are amounts)*So, if V increases R and S must increase relative to P and Q to keep K_c constant***M2** If Volume increases the amount of **R** and **S** must increase in order to keep K_c constant.

2

End of Question